Being Filled with Joy, Peace, and Hope, Romans 15:13

That's the trifecta, isn't it? Who wouldn't want God to fill them will joy, peace, and hope? No one! Let's first understand the meanings of the words utilized in our text:

- Joy- chara (khar-ah): joy, gladness; the cause or occasion of joy (Enhanced Strong's Lexicon).
- Peace- eirene (i-ray-nay): of Christianity, the tranquil state of a soul assured of its salvation through Christ, and so fearing nothing from God and content with its earthly lot, of whatever sort that is (lbid).
- Hope- elpis (el-pece): expectation of good; in the Christian sense, joyful and confident expectation of eternal salvation (Ibid).

How can we get that, please? Note a couple of specifics from v.13:

- Paul's prayer is that God would fill the Roman brethren with joy, peace, and hope. This is critical. The joy, peace, and hope of which he writes are divinely sourced (review definitions). They cannot be attained from human or carnal sources.
- 2. Though given by God, *joy* and *peace* are attained *in* and *through belief* (faith). God will not dispense *joy* and *peace* to those unwilling to believe. They are *spiritual blessings* attained only by those who have entered a *spiritual relationship* with God through faith/belief, <u>cf. 5:1-2</u>.
- 3. Similarly, hope is attained by the power of the Holy Spirit. Does this mean that it is a gift of the Spirit- comparable to the ability to speak in tongues or perform miracles? Not at all, for then hope would only be attainable by those gifted by the Spirit, and the Roman brethren apparently were not so gifted, cf.1:11. Also, note 1:16 where the power of God to salvation is said to be the gospel. How was this powerful gospel delivered? The Holy Spirit was the power that revealed and inspired the gospel, 1:1-4; 10:17.
- 4. So, spiritual *hope* is attained by Spirit's revelation, and God fills us with spiritual *joy* and *peace* through our *belief! Joy*, *peace*, and *hope* are endowments given by God, but they are attained through *belief/faith* in and through the *gospel-* not as *direct from heaven gifts* bestowed upon us by miraculous means.

Therefore, let's notice the larger context going back and including <u>vv.1-12</u> to get a clearer picture of v.13. What is necessarily required, in context, to attain this *joy*, *peace*, and *hope* from God?

- Vv.1-3, bearing the weakness of and pleasing our neighbors rather than ourselves.
- <u>V.4</u>, heeding the *instructions* and *receiving the encouragement of the Scriptures* with perseverance.
- Vv.5-6, with unity of mind and voice, praise and glorify God.
- <u>Vv.7-12</u>, understand that Christ was a *servant to the circumcision* that they might receive the *promises given to the fathers*, and a *servant to the Gentiles* that they might receive *mercy* also enabling them to *glorify*, *praise*, *sing*, and *rejoice* in *hope!* Thus, Christ was a minister of the gospel to both *Jew* and *Gentile*, <u>cf.1:16-17</u>, for *all are in need of His salvation*, <u>cf. 3:23; 6:23</u>.

Conclusions: 1) *Joy, peace,* and *hope* are from God and cannot be attained outside of Him; 2) These are not unilateral endowments that are given just for the asking, but are attained from God by our *belief, knowledge,* and *obedience* to *the Scriptures,* <u>vv.4,14</u>.