## <u>Leadership Lessons from the Life of Moses</u> Lesson #5, Preparation of Power and Purpose: Allied *With* God for *His* Purposes

Text: Ex.3:1-22

Every good *leader* (or *would be* leader) knows his/her *strengths*, and *weaknesses*. In spiritual leadership, our *weaknesses* are decidedly "human" (<u>cf. 4:10</u>) while our *strengths* are definitely "divine." But the more we commit ourselves to God's **purpose(s)**, and the more we rely on His **power**, rather than our own, the better leaders we can and will become, cf. 1Pet.4:11; 2Tim.1:9; Rom.8:28; cp. Luke 7:30.

## Good leadership begins with the right attitude, 3:1-15

- Answer the call, v.4. After Moses had come near to the bush that burned but was not consumed, and God "called to him from the midst of the bush," Moses replied "Here I am." Abraham repeatedly answered God's call similarly, cf. Gen. 22:1,7,11. Perhaps Moses- having known of his appointed purpose for many years (cf. Acts 7:25), has been patiently waiting for this call while his preparations were finalized. At any rate, he answered the call of God to be a leader- will you?
- Recognize/revere the holiness of God's presence and purpose, vv.5-10,12. The ground on which Moses stood was Mt. Horeb, the mountain of God, v.1. He later received the Law here (aka, Sinai), cf. v.12; 19:2-3. What made the mountain holy was not geography, but the declared presence of God, cp. Josh.5:13-15. Here God met with Moses, and affirmed His purposes both to and for him. Moses revered being in the presence of God, as well as hearing His instructions, v.6b. Spiritual leadership requires this kind of reverence, respect, and attention!
- Stay humble, v.11. God pronounces Moses the most humble man on earth, Num.12:3. It's probably impossible to overestimate the importance of humility (from a Heb. word meaning poor, afflicted, meek). From a purely human perspective, he could have easily become vain, conceited, puffed up, and arrogant. In addition to the evidence from v.11, Moses also later demonstrates the veracity of God's assessment in Num.11:26-30. If we would lead, we must be humble, Phil.2:1-18.
- Be resolved/committed, v.13a. Moses was reverent (v.5), fearful (v.6b), and humble (v.11), but being assured of God's presence with him (v.12), he became a resolved and committed leader! But we can't get the "cart before the horse"! Resolved commitment to spiritual leadership stems not from within, but from without-from trusting God's grace and power, 2Cor.12:2-10. And if Moses had any remaining doubts, he is about to be shown exactly Whom he is to represent, cf. vv.13b-15; 4:1-9!
- Good leadership works within the plan and purpose of God, 3:16-22
  - 1. Work through proper channels, vv.16a,18a. Moses has been away from Egypt for 40 years. He is sent *first* to extant "elders of Israel." He didn't just show up one day and announce, "I'm God's appointed leader- I'm in charge." Whatever your role, work with not against existing leaders, cf. Mark 9:38-40. If they're what they should be, they'll gladly accept the help, 1Thess.5:12-22.
  - 2. Understand and relay God's *plan* and *purpose*, <u>vv.16b-17</u>. Moses is instructed to relay *what* God is going to do through him and *why*. When working through *proper channels* (extant leaders), know what God wants and how you can help *going in*.
  - **3.** Try the easy way *first*, <u>vv.18-22</u>. It may *not work*, <u>v.19</u>, but it just *might*-besides, it's the *right place* to start, <u>cf. Matt.18:15ff</u>.

We can learn a lot about *leadership* from Moses, and God's interaction with him!

## <u>Leadership Lessons from the Life of Moses</u> Lesson #5, Preparation of Power and Purpose: Allied *With* God for *His* Purposes Discussion Questions:

1.	From the introduction to this lesson, what makes us <i>weak</i> or <i>strong</i> as leaders?
2.	How did Moses respond to God <i>calling</i> him from the <i>burning bush?</i> Who else similarly responded to a <i>call from God?</i> How does God <i>call us</i> today?
3.	What made Mt. Horeb / Mt. Sinai holy? What are the implications of this for spiritual leaders today?
4.	Was Moses chosen to be God's appointed leader <i>because of</i> his humility ( <u>cf. Num.12:3</u> ), or, did he <i>become</i> humble because God chose and appointed him as leader? Please explain your answer.
5.	Why is <i>humility</i> such an important trait for leaders?
6.	Despite Moses' <i>fear</i> (v.6b), what gave him the <i>confident resolve</i> to go to Egypt and do what God commanded?
7.	What further assurances ( $signs$ ) did God provide Moses, and subsequently, Israel? (see $\underline{4:1-9}$ )
8.	Why did God send Moses to "the elders of Israel" first? Why/how is this important for us today?
9.	Given <u>v.19</u> , why did God send Moses to Pharaoh with the message of <u>v.18</u> ?